

12-1-18

Pre-Board Examination-2018.

Sub - History.

Class - XII

KEY POINTS Set-A.

1. The Traders and Craftsmen in between 600BC to 600AD were organized into various groups called guilds or shrenis. The shrenis were groups called wealthy organisations and functioned like modern banks. They also resolved disputes of its members, issued coins and made donations.
2. Ziyarat is the pilgrimage to the tombs of Sufi saints and is widespread in the whole Muslim world. The purpose of this practice is to seek Sufi's spiritual grace or barak.
3. There are two reasons that made the colonial government keen on mapping the Indian cities:
  - a) The colonial government felt that good mapping was necessary to understand the landscape which is very helpful.
  - b) It is also considered mapping is helpful to know the topography. The knowledge was considered to allow the colonial government to have better control over the region.
4. Problems faced by the epigraphists.
  - i) sometimes, there are technical limitations like letters are very faintly engraved and thus reconstructions are uncertain.
  - ii) Inscriptions may be damaged or letters are missing. The exact meaning of the words used in inscriptions is always not clear.
  - iii) All the inscriptions that have been discovered have not been deciphered, published and translated.
  - iv) one of the most important problem is that it is not necessary that everything which is considered politically or economically significant is recorded in inscriptions.

